(5) *Retention and submission of records to Customs.* Documents supporting the information contained in or accompanying the declaration as set forth in paragraphs (n) (2)–(4) of this section must be retained by the importer for a period of at least 5 years from the date of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption of the nonroad engine (see § 162.1c of this chapter), and shall be provided to Customs upon request.

(o) *Release under bond.* If a declaration filed in accordance with paragraph (n)(2) of this section states that the entry is being filed under circumstances described in either paragraph (h), (i), (j), or (k) of this section, the entry shall be accepted only if the importer or consignee gives a bond on Customs Form 301, containing the bond conditions set forth in § 113.62 of this chapter for the production of an EPA statement that the engine is in conformity with Federal emission requirements. Within the period in paragraph (i) or (j) of this section, or in the case of paragraph (h) or (k) of this section, the period specified by EPA in its authorization for an exemption, or such additional period as the port director of Customs may allow for good cause shown, the importer or consignee shall deliver to the port director the prescribed statement. If the statement is not delivered to the director of the port of entry within the specified period, the importer or consignee shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the port director those engines which were released under a bond required by this paragraph. In the event that the engine is not redelivered within 5 days following the specified period, liquidated damages shall be assessed in the full amount of the bond, if it is a single entry bond, or if a continuous bond is used, the amount that would have been taken under a single entry bond. Liquidated damages under the bond generally would be equal to 3 times the value of the merchandise involved in the default (see § 113.62(k) of this chapter).

(p) *Notice of inadmissibility or detention.* If an engine is determined to be inadmissible before release from Customs custody, or inadmissible after release from Customs custody, the importer or consignee shall be notified in writing of the inadmissibility determination and/or redelivery requirement. However, if an engine cannot be released from Customs custody merely because the importer has failed to furnish with the entry the information required by paragraph (n) of this section, the engine shall be held in detention by the port director for a period not to exceed 30 days after filing of the entry at the risk and expense of the importer pending submission of the missing information. An additional 30-day extension may be granted by the port director upon application for good cause shown. If at the expiration of a period not over 60 days the required documentation has not been filed, a notice of inadmissibility will be issued.

(q) *Disposal of engines not entitled to admission.* An engine denied admission under any provision of this section shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable Customs laws and regulations. However, an engine will not be disposed of in a manner in which it may ultimately either directly or indirectly reach a consumer in a condition in which it is not in conformity with applicable EPA emission requirements.

(r) *Prohibited importations.* The importation of nonroad engines otherwise than in accordance with this section and the regulations of EPA in 40 CFR parts 89 and 90 is prohibited.

George J. Weise,

Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: June 24, 1996.

Dennis M. O'Connell,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

[FR Doc. 96–21843 Filed 8–26–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4820–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 105

[Docket No. 95N–310F]

Revocation of Certain Regulations Affecting Food

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule; confirmation of effective date.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is confirming the effective date of July 3, 1996, of the final rule published in the Federal Register of June 3, 1996 (61 FR 27771), that revoked regulations on diabetic labeling and on sodium intake labeling. These regulations were among those regulations identified by the agency for revocation as a result of a page-by-page review of its regulations that cover food and cosmetics. This regulatory review was in response to the administration's ''Reinventing Government'' initiative that seeks to streamline government and to ease the burden on regulated industry and consumers.

DATES: Effective date confirmed: July 3, 1996. This revocation is applicable for all products initially introduced or initially delivered for introduction into interstate commerce on or after this date. Any labels or labeling that require revision as a result of this revocation shall comply no later than January 1, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michelle A. Smith, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–158), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–205–5099.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Federal Register of June 3, 1996 (61 FR 27771), FDA issued a final rule entitled ''Revocation of Certain Regulations Affecting Food'' that, among other things, revoked regulations on diabetic labeling in § 105.67 (21 CFR 105.67) and on sodium intake labeling in § 105.69 (21 CFR 105.69).

FDA gave interested persons until July 3, 1996, to file written objections to the revocation of these regulations and to request a hearing on the specific provisions to which there were objections. No objections or requests for hearing were received in response to the final regulation.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 105

Dietary foods, Food grades and standards, Food labeling, Infants and children.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 201, 401, 403, 409, 411, 701, 721 of (21 U.S.C. 321, 341, 343, 348, 350, 371, 379e)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 5.10), notice is hereby given that no objections were received, and that the removal of § 105.67 on diabetic labeling and § 105.69 on sodium intake labeling became effective on July 3, 1996. Any labels or labeling that require revision as a result of this revocation shall comply no later than January 1, 1998.

Dated: August 15, 1996.

William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination.

[FR Doc. 96–21528 Filed 8–26–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

21 CFR Part 520

Oral Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Ivermectin Tablets and Chewable Cubes; Correction

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.